

Trauma TRAUMATIC CARDIAC ARREST **Practice Guideline**

Patient Care Goals:

- 1. Performance of life saving interventions (LSI)
- Return of Spontaneous Circulation (ROSC)
- 3. Preservation of neurologic function

Patient Presentation:

<u>Inclusion Criteria:</u> Trauma victims of all ages without palpable pulses on EMS arrival

Exclusion Criteria:

Obvious death, defined as: decapitation, rigor mortis, tissue decomposition, dependent lividity, full thickness burns >90% of body surface Medical etiology without trauma

Pts in cardiac arrest involving minor trauma should be evaluated for inclusion and treatment as medical cardiac arrest (i.e. car crash resulting from VF arrest). Shockable rhythm at any pulse check should prompt defibrillation, then immediate resumption of LSIs.

Penetrating thoracic injury includes injury to the chest or back, a bove the abdomen, or <u>potential</u> to touch the thorax

Patient management

NO ACLS DRUGS INDICATED unless ordered by OLMC

Advanced Airway:

SGA placement or endotracheal intubation Refer to Airway Management Practice Guideline

- Perform on extremity or junctional hemorrhage Hemorrhage control/tourniquet
- Perform on penetrating/blunt thoracic trauma, with assessment of possible injured side
- Bilateral needle decompression (regardless of physical exam findings)
- Perform on penetrating trauma to cardiac box ■ Pericardiocentesis
- Effective ventilation/oxygen, fluid resus, CPR

OLMC Consultation for discussion of TOR LSIs performed, but unsuccessful

Quality Improvement:

Push hard (> 2 inches) and fast (100-120/min) Minimize interruptions in compressions Rotate compressors every 2 minutes Avoid excessive ventilation (1 breath every 6 seconds) Capnography early, with BVM, ongoing monitoring Do not delay LSIs to place LUCAS

Key Documentation elements:

Times of resuscitation, any ROSC, and all LSIs Witnessed by EMS?

Mechanism of injury
Consider medical event leading to trauma event Initial rhythm

Capnography confirmation/values Safety Considerations:

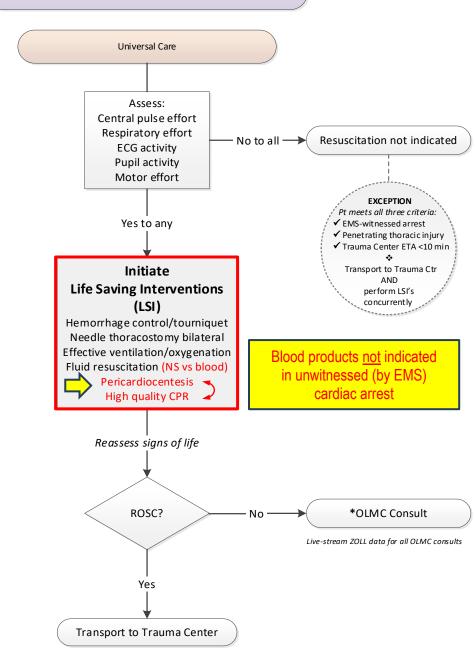
medical arrests

Generally transport only after ROSC- however circumstances may arise when transport is indicated such as certain submersion, thoracic penetrating trauma arrest, or refractory vfib/vtach cases; a mechanical CPR device is encouraged.

Notes:

Fire victims with trauma, where ROSC is achieved, should be transported to the trauma center HANGING victims should be treated as as phyxia

Paramedic working assessment: Traumatic Cardiac Arrest



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Revision 7

Approved: Benjamin Weston, MD, MPH Medical Director Approved: Dan Pojar, BSEMS, FP-C, NRP EMS Division Director WI DHS EMS Approval: 06/09/2023

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TRAUMA ARREST SBAR Hello. This is MED() Remember to with a (AGE) (SEX) LIVE STREAM **ZOLL DATA** on scene of a TRAUMA cardiac arrest Situation Arrest witnessed EMS, Bystander, Unwitnessed by RAUMA CARDIAC ARRE Bystander CPR (and/or defib) Performed, Not performed was RAUMA CARDIAC ARRE LKW Time of Military time, Unknown Initial Rhythm VF, VT, PEA +rate, Asystole was Current Rhythm VF, VT, PEA +rate, Asystole Background Airway BVM only, King airway, ET tube İS Initial EtCO2 was Current EtCO2 İS IV, IO, Not obtained Access is IV Fluid Volume totals x mLs Mechanism of injury MVC, Ped Struck, Fall, GSW, Stabbing was Injury site(s) Head, Neck, Chest, Back, Abdomen, is/are Flank. Extremities Life Saving interventions include Needle Decompression Pericardiocentesis Tourniquet Quick Clot Pelvic Binder Estimated Blood Loss x mLs is Significant details of the situation and PMHx Past medical history includes MI, CABG, STENT, HTN, CHF, Diabetes, COPD, Asthma, current major illness Significant details of situation include ?any missing pertinent details? Minutes working this code x mins is Requests & Recommendations We are considering... We are looking for guidance on next steps We are requesting TOR

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