

M I L W A U K E E C O U N T Y



# RACIAL EQUITY BUDGET TOOL



2024 BUDGET CYCLE

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Overview.....	3
Milwaukee County Strategic Focus Area.....	4
Instructions.....	5
Racial Equity Budget Tool Questions .....	6
Strategic Focus Area 1: <b>Create Intentional Inclusion</b> .....	6
Strategic Focus Area 2: <b>Bridge the Gap</b> .....	6
Strategic Focus Area 3: <b>Invest in Equity</b> .....	7

## APPENDICES

Appendix A: Glossary.....	8
Appendix B: Frequently Asked Questions .....	9
Appendix C: Resources By Strategic Focus Area .....	14
Appendix D: Public Participation Model .....	15

# *By achieving racial equity, Milwaukee is the healthiest county in Wisconsin.*

## MILWAUKEE COUNTY VISION STATEMENT

### Overview

Racism has been and is a public health crisis in Milwaukee County. According to the County Health Rankings, Milwaukee County is, and has consistently been, one of the lowest-ranked counties for health in Wisconsin and, according to Federal Reserve Economic Data, Milwaukee County is one of our nation's most racially segregated areas.

According to 2019 statistics, a white person lives, on average, nearly 14 years longer than a black person and the infant mortality rate is nearly three (3) times higher for black infants compared to white infants. Race is a social construction with no biologic basis, yet racism may produce an assigned societal value based on the way a person looks that has resulted in race being a consistent predictor of a person's quality and length of life.

The Racial Equity Budget Tool (REBT) is a structured racial equity lens for departments to use to critically assess the impacts of budget decisions on communities of color. The tool is structured around Milwaukee County's strategic focus areas to help departments and decision makers better understand the pain points and opportunities to advancing the County's vision.

#### Milwaukee County's Racial Equity Budget Tool (REBT) is designed to:

**Make intentional connections** between the strategic plan and the budget.

**Use racial equity as the key guiding principle** for important decisions regarding investments or disinvestments.

**Initiate conversations** on topics related to the three-year strategic objectives among department leaders and employees.

**Provide baseline data** on departmental efforts to inform enterprise-wide decisions.

## Milwaukee County Strategic Focus Areas

---

In 2019, Milwaukee County launched its first strategic plan in 20 years. This plan explicitly recognizes that racism is a public health crisis and leads with the vision that: **By achieving racial equity, Milwaukee is the healthiest county in Wisconsin.**

As part of the strategic plan, Milwaukee County leaders have committed to use a racial equity budget tool to ensure resource allocations advance the strategic focus areas and vision. The questions in this budget tool were guided by the strategic plan and were informed by best practices from other jurisdictions and the Government Alliance on Race and Equity (GARE).

### 1. Create Intentional Inclusion

- Reflect the full diversity of Milwaukee County at every level of County government.
- Create and nurture an inclusive culture across the Milwaukee County government.
- Increase the number of Milwaukee County contracts awarded to minority- and women-owned business.

### 2. Bridge the Gap

- Determine what, where, and how we deliver services based on the resolution of health disparities.
- Break down silos across Milwaukee County government to maximize access to and quality of services offered.
- Apply a racial equity lens to all decisions.

### 3. Invest in Equity

- Invest “upstream” to address root causes of health disparities.
- Enhance Milwaukee County’s fiscal health and sustainability.
- Dismantle barriers to diverse and inclusive communities.

## Instructions

---

### 1. Submit only one REBT per department.

The REBT should reflect an analysis of the suite of budget decisions per department. Within answers to each question, **details may be provided at the division level**, as determined appropriate. Decision points should be analyzed as part of the comprehensive effort that your department is undertaking in addressing racial equity in programs, plans, policies, and power structures. Since departments are often tasked with cutting their budgets to reflect a reduction from their previous fiscal year's budget, a REBT should also include an analysis of how proposed reductions may or may not burden Black and Brown individuals and communities.

### 2. Keep the focus on the analysis of departments' improvements, reductions, and overall budget.

The REBT will focus on a racial equity analysis of decisions for new policies, programs, and plans under consideration, and the department's ongoing commitment to racial equity.

### 3. Use demographic data to help your department determine benefits and burdens of new decisions and overall budget.

State and federally collected demographic data resources are provided in [Appendix C](#). Departments are encouraged to

use any data they collect on their service users throughout the completion of the REBT. Data from other relevant and credible sources a department may have is also acceptable.

### 4. REBT technical assistance information and opportunities.

If you have questions related to the 2024 REBT, please attend one of the Open Office hours and bring the questions. All persons who may be expected to assist the department director in completing the REBT will be encouraged to participate.

- If you understand the question, but have difficulty determining how to answer a question, please contact your Budget Analyst for assistance.
- The Office of Equity should only be contacted on questions related to the racial equity components (glossary, concepts, etc..) that are unclear and cannot be addressed by your Budget Analyst. Send correspondence via email to [equityoffice@milwaukeecountywi.gov](mailto:equityoffice@milwaukeecountywi.gov).



# MILWAUKEE COUNTY

## RACIAL EQUITY BUDGET TOOL

Date Submitted:

Department:

Please note: each response field below has a 2,500-character limit.

### STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 1: CREATE INTENTIONAL INCLUSION

**1. What activities are you doing to attract and retain a diverse and inclusive workforce in your department? What are the associated costs of these activities?**

Over 60% of the DHHS and BHS budgets comprise outside contracts. DHHS/BHS continues to reform contracting practices, workgroup facilitation, diversity in DHHS contracting and the department's overall economic impact on communities of color. The 2024 Budget sustains increased funding for RFP panelists to attract a more diverse and skilled group of RFP reviewers to ensure a fair and equitable review process that prioritizes diversity.

BHS is expanding paid internship opportunities by 4.0 positions with the intention of creating a high-quality and diverse workforce. Unpaid internships can often serve as a barrier to individuals from lower income families to access these opportunities. BHS paid internships start at \$15/hr.

BHS also has an ad campaign and sign-on bonuses targeting RN's. These ad campaigns prominently show real BHD RNs, including women of color. The sign on bonus is paid after 6 months employment.

**2. How do you use professional development and advancement opportunities to promote equity in your department's workforce? What resources are used to support these opportunities for professional development and advancement?**

The 2024 budget sustains \$241,607 in training and workforce development funds. This includes software costs, professional development, and other training required to maintain regulatory compliance and high quality service delivery. The budgeted amount equates to approximately \$600 per budgeted FTE. This remains an underfunded priority as BHS seeks to promote equity and workforce development within our department. In 2023, DHHS held its first professional development day aimed at supporting all DHHS staff to create resumes and LinkedIn profiles, get professional headshots, and become aware of internal advancement opportunities across the department. DHHS anticipates hosting similar opportunities in 2024.

**3. Our employees can be a great resource for innovation and knowing what is working well and what needs work. Have you engaged a diverse group of frontline employees to inform decisions about your proposed budget changes? If yes, how was input solicited, who was involved, and what were the results?**

In collaboration with SBP, DHHS created a DHHS-specific balancing act tool that requested all DHHS staff to rate their top budget priorities. The top priorities included property lien relief for participants in legacy DHHS programs, Veterans Service Office funding, Older Adult Programming, more internship opportunities, and enhanced youth justice programming. We included all top-ranked items in the budget request or on supplemental request forms for consideration during the CEX phase of the 2024 budget.

**4. Are you tracking contracts with minority and women-owned business? If yes, please share percentages of each. If no, why not?**

Yes, 42% of DHHS contracted vendors are BIPOC-lead organizations. The number of certified WBE and MBE providers in the DHHS network is fewer than 42% because many providers are non-profit or choose to forgo DBE certification because they do not see it as beneficial to their enterprise. While the MBE and DBE designations are valuable, this designation does not always apply to the non-profits we contract with.

DHHS continues to identify ways to simplify the contracting process, diversify RFP panels, and create new opportunities for funding opportunities that are accessible to smaller organizations (which often have a greater proportion of BIPOC leadership).

## STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 2: BRIDGE THE GAP

### 5. How and when have service users, in diverse and inclusive communities, and other key stakeholders been engaged to inform decisions about changes in funding levels for services provided in your requested budget (who was involved, what was the forum, what were the results)?

The Milwaukee County Mental Health Board held public feedback sessions in January, March, and June related to future budget priorities. These sessions generated a large amount of valuable feedback. Similarly, the Mental Health Task Force conducted a survey of their members on how to prioritize mental health service delivery in Milwaukee County. BHS leadership identified key areas that we able to fund in the 2023 budget: increased focus on peer specialists across levels of care, provider rate increases to combat workforce shortages, and increased focus on prevention efforts.

### 6. Describe ways in which racial and economic data were used to prioritize resource distribution. (Data can include sources found in the resources section of this tool, department collected data, or any other relevant data from other sources.)

Major changes to the 2024 BHS budget include increases to key programs serving a majority of BIPOC individuals:

\$5.7m Comprehensive Community Service expansion: this program serves over 50% BIPOC individuals  
5% provider rate increase Community Support Program increase: this program serves over 50% BIPOC individuals  
\$800,000 Targeted Case Management tax levy increase: currently serves over 50% BIPOC individuals

These programs are critical components of helping individuals of live their best life by providing supports that address their unique needs related to mental health and substance use. BHS Data is regularly collected on customer demographics, including race, ethnicity, age, and gender across BHS. Service delivery data is also regularly scrutinized by staff as part of their monthly and quarterly review of vendor reports.

### 7. How does your budget reflect efforts to work across departments to break down silos to maximize access to and quality of services offered? How does this help us achieve the vision of achieving equity and health?

The 2024 budget continues \$1.0m funding for Housing First, continues Crisis Assessment Response Team (CART) clinician funding in partnership with MCSO, and continues funding for the No Wrong Door technology project implementation with the goal of integrating as many DHHS services as possible under one IT system. These initiatives are aimed at achieving equity through supporting root causes of issues that may result in negative health outcomes and/or criminal justice involvement.

### 8. What are the expected benefits and potential unintended consequences to disadvantaged communities of your proposed budget changes?

#### a. What analysis did you do to determine the expected benefits and potential unintended consequences?

BHS collects demographic data across all levels of care and has used that to inform decisions. Additionally, public feedback is collected in relation to the budget and on specific topics throughout the times of year. This is helpful in identifying blind spots of gaps in care that we may not be aware of. Most feedback spoke to shifting treatment options to be more accessible, the need for a more culturally competent workforce, location of services, the importance of peer supports, the recognition of the impact of the labor shortage on service delivery, and general awareness of what services are available. The 2024 budget continues expansion in all of these areas as a part of the DHHS strategic vision.

BHS collects demographic data across all levels of care. BHS assesses cultural competency indirectly by disaggregating our data by race to see if there are disparities in outcomes between clients of different race. Program demographics and participant geographics are considered when determining how and were to expand services.

#### b. What will your department do to mitigate unintended consequences resulting from your proposed budget changes?

BHS serves a substantially higher percentage of people of color in Milwaukee County than the population as a whole. The division's top priority in this budget was in maintaining all current services and strategically expanding in programs that require minimal tax levy support such as Comprehensive Community Services and Crisis Intervention services. BHS was able to reinvest savings from increases cost report (WIMCR) revenue to support rate increases for key service areas to maintain high quality service delivery for programs aimed at helping individuals live healthy, independent lives in the community.

## STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 3: INVEST IN EQUITY

### 9. If your department were to receive some additional funding for addressing racial equity, what specific strategic

plan priority would you address, what would be the project/activity and intended outcome, and how would it cost?

[GO TO QUESTIONS \(REBT FORM\)](#)

Workforce turnover continues to be one of the key challenges to maintaining staff and providing high quality services. We would request additional funds for internal staff wage increases and external provider rate increases. Increased wages are expected to decrease overtime costs and increase quality through retention of qualified staff.

**10. What is your department doing to dismantle barriers to diverse and inclusive communities, including meeting multilingual needs and other communication or accessibility barriers?**

The 2024 BHS budget sustains funding for interpreter services to support community-based programs. BHS continues to partner with organizations like 16th Street Clinic and United Community Center that have language and cultural competencies appropriate for many of our consumers. BHS continues to diversify its geographic portfolio to provide services closer to where consumers live. BHS continues to seek out new ways to partner with geographically and culturally diverse providers.



## Appendices

---

Appendix A:  
**Glossary**

Appendix B:  
**Frequently Asked Questions**

Appendix C:  
**Resources by Strategic Focus Area**

Appendix D:  
**Public Participation Model**



## APPENDIX A

# GLOSSARY

**Communities of color:** In the context of the Milwaukee County Racial Equity Budget Tool, the term communities of color is interchangeable with Black and Brown communities and inclusive of all non-white populations of color.

**Disadvantaged communities:** A collective term for referencing communities that have historically experienced inequities where they learn, live, and work that were/are not optimal due to disenfranchisement, disinvestment, marginalization, racism, and other systems of oppression.

**Diversity:** Diversity includes all the ways in which people differ, and it encompasses all the different characteristics that make one individual or group different from another. It is all-inclusive and recognizes everyone and every group as part of the diversity that should be valued. A broad definition includes not only race, ethnicity, and gender — the groups that most often come to mind when the term “diversity” is used — but also age, national origin, religion, disability, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, education, marital status, language, and physical appearance. It also involves different ideas, perspectives, and values.

**Diverse group:** As it relates to question 5, an intentional effort to include individuals from different racial, ethnic, gender, and social backgrounds proportionate to the diversity of the department.

**Economic data:** Numerical data collected based on service delivery criteria determined by departments.

**Equity:** The just, fair, and impartial treatment, acceptance, or behavior of people without favoritism or discrimination. Equity means righting wrongs, doing what’s right, and giving people what they need to thrive, which is different from equality, which means everyone gets the same thing regardless of circumstance or need.

**Frontline employees:** A grouping of Milwaukee County employees that serves as the initial point of contact for service users or a range of employees from all levels of the workforce with emphasis on the inclusion of direct service rendering staff.

**Inclusion:** Assurance that the culture, values, and opinions of individuals and groups are represented in the decision-making processes.

**Inclusive workforce:** A workplace environment that recognizes the contributions of all employees, while valuing their social status, race, gender, or other demographic classifications.

**Key stakeholders:** Both internal and external individuals, agencies, or organizations who participate in the planning, development, implementation and decision-making process of an activity, process, or service delivery. (AMOP: Key stakeholders are service users, the workforce, partners, governing boards, donors, suppliers, taxpayers, regulatory bodies, policy makers, funders, and local and professional communities.)

**Multilingual needs:** The ability of Milwaukee County departments to address linguistic needs for all service users through staffing, documentation, and other communication platforms.

**Professional advancement:** Opportunities for staff to build their capacity and ascend or pursue lateral movement to further advance their career trajectory.

**Racial data:** Demographic data collected by Milwaukee County departments that identifies the race/ethnicity of service recipients.

**Racial equity:** The just and fair inclusion of all people in society, regardless of their race/ethnicity, with unfettered ability to participate, prosper, and reach their full potential. Racial equity is achieved when race no longer determines one’s health and socioeconomic outcomes and when everyone has what they need to thrive and decide what’s best for themselves, their families, and their communities, no matter where they live.

**Service user:** Current or potential user of Milwaukee County services.

**Unintended consequences:** Outcomes of a purposeful action that are not intended or foreseen.

APPENDIX B

# FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

## PURPOSE

### 1) What is the purpose of using this tool?

The Racial Equity Budget Tool (REBT) has many intended purposes:

- It is about making an intentional connection between the strategic plan and our budget. We cannot sufficiently change our institution if we do not think critically about how and what we are spending money on.
- Whether we are making investments or disinvestments, we must do so with racial equity as the key guiding principle to those important decisions.
- It is meant to spur conversation on topics related to the strategic focus areas among department leaders and employees so we are all challenging ourselves to think critically about our efforts to advance the vision.
- This tool is an opportunity to baseline departmental efforts to make informed enterprise-wide decisions.

These are only some of the many answers to why we are using a tool to assess budget decisions.

### 2) What other jurisdictions have used a racial equity budget tool? Where did the budget tool questions come from?

Milwaukee County's REBT builds on the success of other jurisdictions in implementing a budget tool. Jurisdictions Milwaukee County looked to for guidance include the City of Seattle, the City of Portland (Ore.), King County (Wash.), and the City of San Antonio. Resources from the Government Alliance on Race and Equity (GARE) were also used. The questions are largely framed around Milwaukee County's strategic plan.

### 3) How does this tool work when departments must make budget cuts year over year? What is the point of doing this when departments don't have a lot of latitude about what disinvestments to make?

Milwaukee County's structural deficit and budget challenges are no secret. However, Milwaukee County still has an annual budget of over \$1 billion. Whether the County is

making disinvestments or investments, those decisions must be made with racial equity at the forefront of decision-makers' minds. Departments should think critically about their current assumptions and spending versus shifting investments to address root-causes of inequities.

## COMPLETING THE TOOL

### 4) Are there right answers to the questions?

Responses to this tool will inform our future action to see where Milwaukee County can improve on the path to health and racial equity. There are no right answers to the questions, and each department is starting in a different place, serves different people with different needs, and faces a different set of barriers and opportunities. While there are no right answers, the information provided in the tool will be used for decision making throughout the budget process and will be available to the public. Therefore, answers should be robust, defensible, and easy to understand. Your department's answer may look very different than another department's answer and that is okay as long as the answers address the question.

### 5) What if there are inequities to other groups other than racial groups? Should we be talking about those inequities in our analysis?

Yes! Milwaukee County is race forward, but not race exclusive. If there are other inequities identified in your analysis, please include them.

### 6) Does every department complete one tool, or is it one tool for each division?

Please submit one tool per department. Responses can be broken down at the division level within your department's tool, as appropriate. All questions should be completed.

### 7) Who is responsible for filling out the budget tool?

The department head is ultimately responsible for the content in the REBT. It is up to department leadership to determine who in their department is most appropriate to be involved in completing questions in the tool, which will differ from department to department. Likely people to include are department leaders, fiscal staff, administrative staff, and Racial Equity Ambassadors.

APPENDIX B

# FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

[GO TO QUESTIONS  
\(REBT FORM\)](#)

**8) Is this tool supposed to imply that we should be taking actions on each of these items? Are the questions meant to be directives to departments?**

A budget is a reflection of priorities. Ultimately, Milwaukee County's budget should reflect our values and advance our vision and strategic plan. However, we acknowledge our organization is on a journey to continuously improve our efforts toward health and racial equity. The REBT is meant to spur conversations among department leaders and staff about what they are and are not able to do in a given budget year to advance the vision. To that end, the tool is not an absolute directive to departments. We fully expect that some departments' answers to some of the questions will be that they are not doing anything this year with an explanation about why that is the case. Looking ahead to future years, departments will be expected to show how their budgets help Milwaukee County make progress toward its vision.

**9) How do I use this when my work is statutorily required?**

What services Milwaukee County provides is often statutorily required. However, how we do our work usually is not a directive. This tool is meant to challenge us all to think about how to do the enormous part of our work that is within our discretion and control.

**10) Is there a standard approach all departments are expected to take to answer the questions?**

No. Answer the questions based on the approach your department currently takes on these items.

**11) What type of analysis is expected for each of the questions?**

It depends on what your department is currently doing in each area. Please use the diverse expertise and experiences of staff in your department to determine the most appropriate way for your department to answer the questions.

**12) What part of the budget is this tool being applied to?**

The REBT will focus on an equity analysis of decisions for

new policies, programs, and plans under consideration, and the department's ongoing commitment to equity. Your department is asked to identify what considerations are considered in the overall budget to maximize equitable outcomes.

## USING THE DATA

**13) Who will receive the data departments provide in the REBT? Who will be expected to answer questions about the information provided?**

Responses to the REBT will be publicly available and will be presented to the County Board. If any decision-makers (e.g., County Executive, County Board Supervisors, department directors) have questions about the information provided in the REBT, the department should be prepared to answer them. We are all partners in Milwaukee County's strategic planning effort to achieve racial equity, and the budget tool is in-part meant to inform and focus conversations around strategic priorities, understanding that not all questions have known answers or solutions.

**14) What if someone questions the analysis, conclusions, or recommendations made in the budget tool?**

Like all research and analysis, there will be questions and critiques and we should embrace these important conversations. The work presented in the budget tool should be defensible, but most of these questions do not have a clear right or wrong answer. If someone finds something wrong in the analysis, then we need to fix it. However, if it is a question about the interpretation and meaning of the analysis, then we can make space for different perspectives to find the best path forward with the information we have available.

**14) Will the budget tool submissions be scored?**

No, the REBT submissions will not be scored. However, they will be made available to the public and reviewed by the County Executive's office, the Office of Equity, the Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget and the County Board.

# FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

(CONTINUED)

## LOGISTICS

### 16) When will the budget tool be due?

The REBT is due on July 15 — the same due date as the requested budget.

### 17) Where do I go if I have questions?

If you understand the question, but have difficulty determining how to answer a question, please first try to problem solve within your department by looping in additional experts (e.g., Racial Equity Ambassadors, people leaders, frontline staff).

If you need assistance understanding what the question is asking, contact your Budget Analyst for assistance.

The Office of Equity should only be contacted on questions related to racial equity components (glossary, concepts, etc.) that are unclear and cannot be addressed by your budget analyst. Send correspondence via email to [equityoffice@milwaukeecountywi.gov](mailto:equityoffice@milwaukeecountywi.gov).

APPENDIX C

# RESOURCES BY STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA

**STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 1: Create Intentional Inclusion**

- [2020 Milwaukee County Workforce Audit](#)

**STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 2: Bridge the Gap**

- [American Community Survey](#) (from US Census Bureau – descriptions below from US Census Bureau)
  - [Data Profiles](#) have the most frequently requested social, economic, housing, and demographic data. Each of these four subject areas is a separate data profile. The data profiles summarize the data for a single geographic area, both numbers and percent, to cover the most basic data on all topics. (Can compare state/County/Municipal data. With some effort, can get zip code level data.)
  - [Narrative Profiles](#) are short, analytic reports derived from the ACS 5-year estimates. Each Narrative Profile covers 15 different topic areas and provides text and bar charts to display highlights of selected social, economic, housing, and demographic estimates for a selected geographic area. (Easy to get zip code level data)
- [Personal Income Data](#) (Bureau of Economic Analysis) Per Capita Personal Income by State/County, 2016 – 2018 for the entire nation.
- Per Capita Income by County
- [Public School Enrollment](#) (Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction)
- [Private School Enrollment](#) (Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction)
- [State of Wisconsin WBE/MBE/DVE](#) This provides a list of all Woman/Minority/Disabled Vets Business Enterprise information. You can search by business name, by product/service, and by location.
- [Milwaukee County Diversity and Compliance Website \(B2GNow\)](#) Links to certified lists for the State of Wisconsin ACDBE/DBE/SBE Directory and the Milwaukee County approved DBE/SBE vendors (training available on using system).

**STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 3: Invest in Equity**

- [Public Participation Model](#)

Additional County Resources

- [Strategic Plan \(Objectives\)](#)
- [Health and Equity Framework](#)

APPENDIX D

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION MODEL



	<b>INFORM</b> 	<b>CONSULT</b>	<b>INVOLVE</b>	<b>COLLABORATE</b>	<b>EMPOWER/LEAD</b>
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION GOAL	To provide the public with balanced and objective information to assist them in understanding the problem, alternatives, opportunities and/or solutions	To obtain public analysis, alternatives and/or decisions.	To work directly with the public throughout the process to ensure that public concerns and aspirations are consistently understood and considered.	To partner with the public in each aspect of the decision including the development of alternatives and the identification of the preferred solution.	To place final decision making in the hands of the public.
PROMISE TO THE PUBLIC	We will keep you informed	We will keep you informed, listen to and acknowledge concerns and aspirations, and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will work with you to ensure that your concerns and aspirations are directly reflected in the alternatives developed and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will look to you for advice and innovation in formulating solutions and incorporate your advice and recommendations into the decisions to the maximum extent possible.	We will implement what you decide.

© IAP2 International Federation 2018. All rights reserved. 20181112\_v1

ON THE COVER



“WELCOME TO THE PEOPLE’S HOUSE”

Artist: Tia Richardson

Commissioned in 2020. Used with permission of the artist.



MILWAUKEE COUNTY  
HEALTH &  
RACIAL EQUITY

**ONE COUNTY  
ONE VISION**

By achieving racial equity, Milwaukee  
is the **healthiest county in Wisconsin.**

[county.milwaukee.gov/vision](https://county.milwaukee.gov/vision)